PFP Recovery Update - February 26, 2018

Updated 1:30 p.m. PST
Updates since Feb. 22, 2018 highlighted

The next scheduled update is March 1, 2018

Summary

The focus at the Plutonium Finishing Plant (PFP) is on the health and safety of the workforce, addressing worker concerns, ensuring the remaining PFP facility debris and rubble piles are stable, and mitigating the potential for any additional spread of contamination. CHPRC is not authorized to conduct any demolition work at PFP until DOE has been briefed on and approves a modified demolition approach. Prior to CHPRC requesting that authorization, CHPRC will present its analysis of causes of the spread of contamination in the form of a *Root Cause Evaluation Report* that will also include some initial corrective actions. The Department of Energy and the PFP Expert Panel will review the report and provide feedback.

Plant Status

| System/Area | Status | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| PFP Workforce | No new safety issues. | | |
| PRF Area | • The area remains stable with no contamination detected. Routine fixative | | |
| | applications continue. | | |
| PFP Property Area | • The area remains stable with no contamination detected. Routine fixative | | |
| | applications continue. | | |
| | On Feb. 24, access to the PFP work control zone was restricted due to | | |
| | predicted high winds. As of Feb. 26 at 1:30 p.m., post-wind surveys found no | | |
| | contamination. | | |

Radiological Surveys, Sampling and Analysis

- Surface monitoring: metal plates, called "cookie sheets," are placed throughout the work control
 area, usually near air monitors. The metal plates are checked with detectors, normally twice a day,
 for contamination. Any contamination detected is expressed in disintegrations per minute, a unit
 that measures how many radioactive atoms decay in a minute.
- Continuous air monitors (CAMs): stationary monitors are placed in or near the PFP demolition zone
 and provide real-time information about the level of airborne radioactivity. The monitors are set to
 alarm, allowing workers to take protective measures if there is an indication of airborne
 radioactivity. Filters may also be collected from the CAMs for analysis in a laboratory to provide
 additional information about any airborne radioactivity. Contamination values are expressed as
 derived air concentrations times hours (DAC-hours).
- Fixed air samplers: stationary monitors are placed around radiological boundaries to provide retrospective, not real-time, data about the presence and type of airborne radioactivity. The monitors are fitted with filters that are routinely collected for further analysis. Contamination values are expressed as derived air concentrations times hours (DAC-hours).

On-Site and Environmental:

| Cookie Sheets (69 total) | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Feb. 26 Day Shift | Feb. 21 Swing Shift |

| Number Surveyed | <mark>55</mark> | <mark>69</mark> | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Number Clean* | <mark>55</mark> | <mark>69</mark> | | | |
| Number Contaminated | <mark>0</mark> | <mark>0</mark> | | | |
| (Note location and level) | | _ | | | |
| *Clean = direct contamination < 500 dpm/100cm ² and removable contamination < 20 dpm/100cm ² (or < 100 dpm/100cm ² in a posted CA or | | | | | |
| HCA) | | | | | |

- Continuous air monitor (CAM) readings (14 total): All CAMs reading less than 1 DAC-hr as of 1:35 p.m., Feb. 26.
- **Fixed air samplers** (24 total): Air filters removed and analyzed with no indication of radioactivity as of Feb. 22.

Bioassays: Bioassays are used when a person is potentially exposed to contamination to determine whether or not there has been an intake (e.g., inhalation or ingestion) of radioactive material and results include an estimated dose. The table below provides a summary of bioassay results following the spread of contamination in December. The data shows radiological doses to personnel in millirem (mrem) and is current as of Feb. 26 at 1 p.m. This information will be updated as more results are received. Individual employees are briefed on their bioassay results as soon as the results are available.

| Requested | | 294 |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------|
| Negative | | <mark>244</mark> |
| Preliminary Positive* | | 1 |
| Positive with Initial Dose Estimate | | 0 |
| Less than 1 mrem: | 0 | |
| 1-10 mrem: | 0 | |
| 10-20 mrem: | 0 | |
| Positive with Verified Dose Assigned | | 10 |
| Less than 1 mrem: | 2 | |
| 1-10 mrem: | 7 | |
| 10-20 mrem: | 1 | |
| | | |

^{*}Preliminary Positive: Initial indication from laboratory of positive result with no dose estimate. Subject to change (to negative) as additional analysis is completed.

- Doses are the expected dose over 50 years.
- DOE requirements for protecting individuals from ionizing radiation set an administrative control level, or dose limit, of 100 mrem/year for non-radiological workers and members of the public visiting DOE sites (DOE Order 458.1). The DOE administrative dose limit for radiological workers is 500 mrem/year.

External:

- **Department of Health Web Page**: The Washington State Department of Health has set up a <u>web page</u> with environmental monitoring information about Hanford.
- Government Vehicle Radiological Surveys:
 - On Feb. 23, crews surveyed two additional government vehicles that were in the vicinity of PFP in December. No contamination was detected.
 - On Feb. 22, follow-up interior surveys of 54 PFP-controlled government vehicles were completed. No contamination was detected.

 On Feb. 1, CHPRC completed requested surveys of four Hanford Fire Department (HFD) government vehicles. No contamination was detected.

0

| | Total |
|--|-------|
| PFP-Controlled government vehicles surveyed | 97 |
| Decontaminated and returned to service | 2 |
| Contaminated and awaiting disposition (held as | 27 |
| radiologically-controlled vehicles or | |
| decontaminated) | |
| No contamination found and returned to service | 68 |

Personal Vehicle Radiological Surveys:

- On Feb. 26, crews surveyed a Hanford Site employee's personal vehicle at the employee's request. No contamination was detected.
- Personal vehicle survey summary:
 - Dec. 26: Seven personal vehicles identified as contaminated by close of business
 Dec. 19 were decontaminated, surveyed and released as of Dec. 26
 - Jan. 26: One of seven original personal vehicles surveyed and released Dec. 26 (and remained on site since that time) was found to be contaminated; vehicle was decontaminated Jan. 28.
 - Jan. 31: One of seven original personal vehicles surveyed and released Dec. 26 (rental car) was resurveyed and found to be free of contamination
 - Feb. 1: Seven Hanford Fire Department personal vehicles surveyed; no contamination was found

Home Surveys:

- There have been no new requests for home surveys since Feb. 5. Home survey summary:
 - Dec. 20: Seven originally-requested home surveys complete with no contamination found.
 - Feb. 6: Requested survey of PFP employee's home completed with no contamination found.

Expert Panel: Members of the PFP Expert Panel continue to meet. The panel consists of federal, officials with expertise in several scientific and technical disciplines who can consult with industry and academic leaders with similar expertise. The panel will review CHPRC's *Root Cause Evaluation Report* and proposed technical approach for safely completing demolition of PFP. The panel will provide observations and recommendations to CHPRC. The Expert Panel's charter and biographies of its members are available at www.Hanford.gov.

<u>Causal Analysis:</u> CHPRC is in the process of completing a draft *Root Cause Evaluation Report* that identifies the factors that led to the spread of contamination and proposes initial corrective actions to reduce the likelihood of recurrence. Input from workers and Jacobs Engineering is included in the draft report.

Workforce Management:

• The workforce remains committed to the current mission of hazard recognition and control despite the challenging situation.

Communications:

• CHPRC leadership will conduct four meetings this week with various Hanford Site employee audiences to discuss recent PFP events.